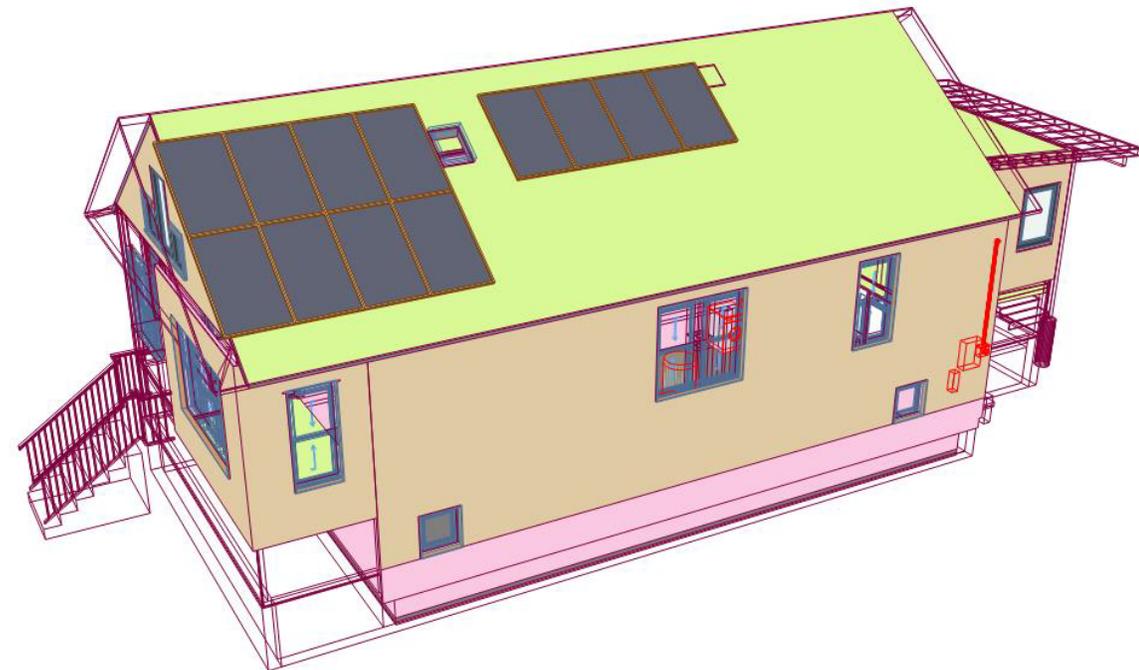
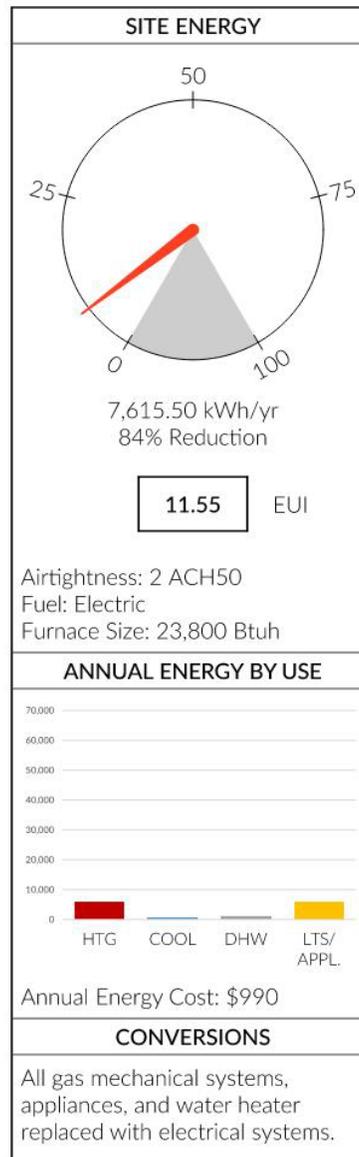


# Residential Retrofits Phius Retrofit Summit

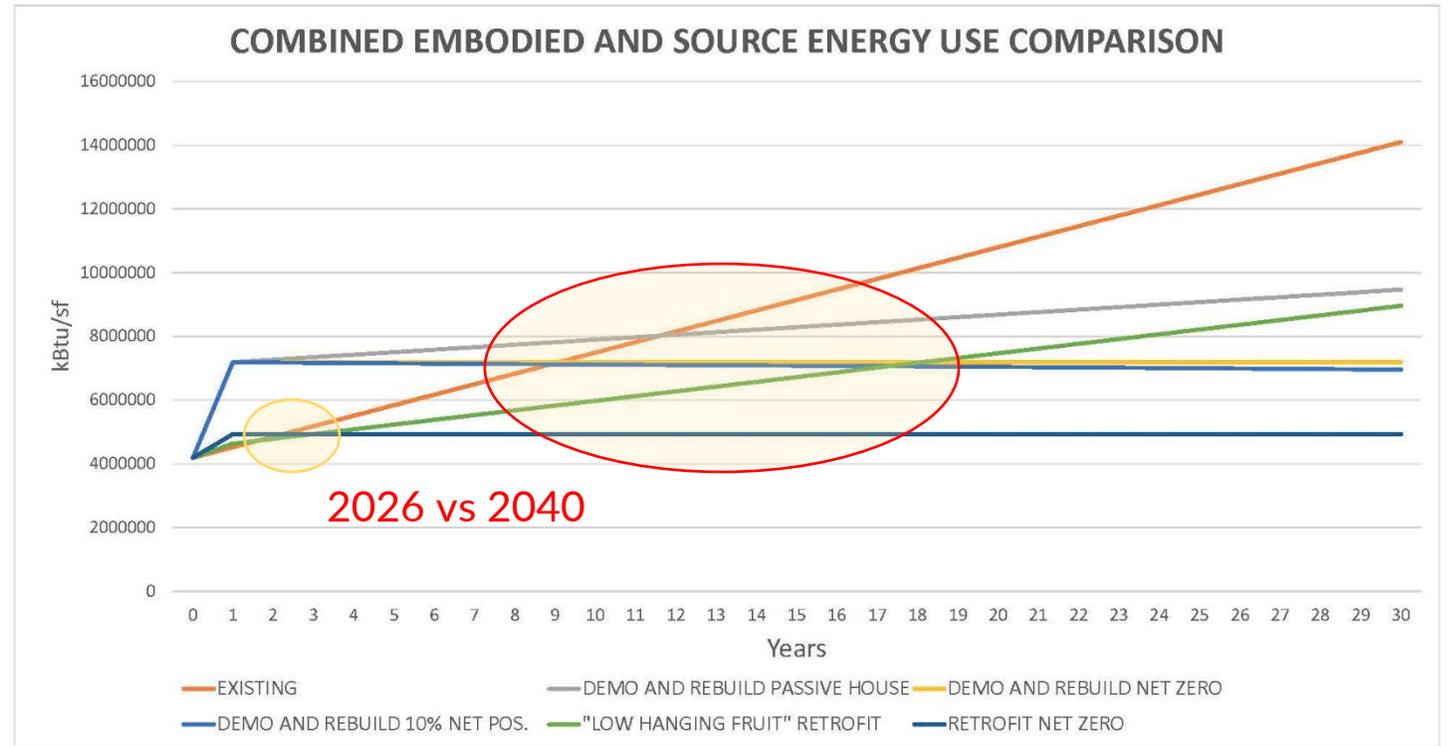
Tom Bassett-Dilley, AIA CPHC  
President, TBDA, Ltd.





# Retrofits vs New Construction: Embodied Carbon is important

Good retrofits, especially in cold climates, are the answer for carbon reduction, short- and long-term.



# Retrofit big-picture stuff

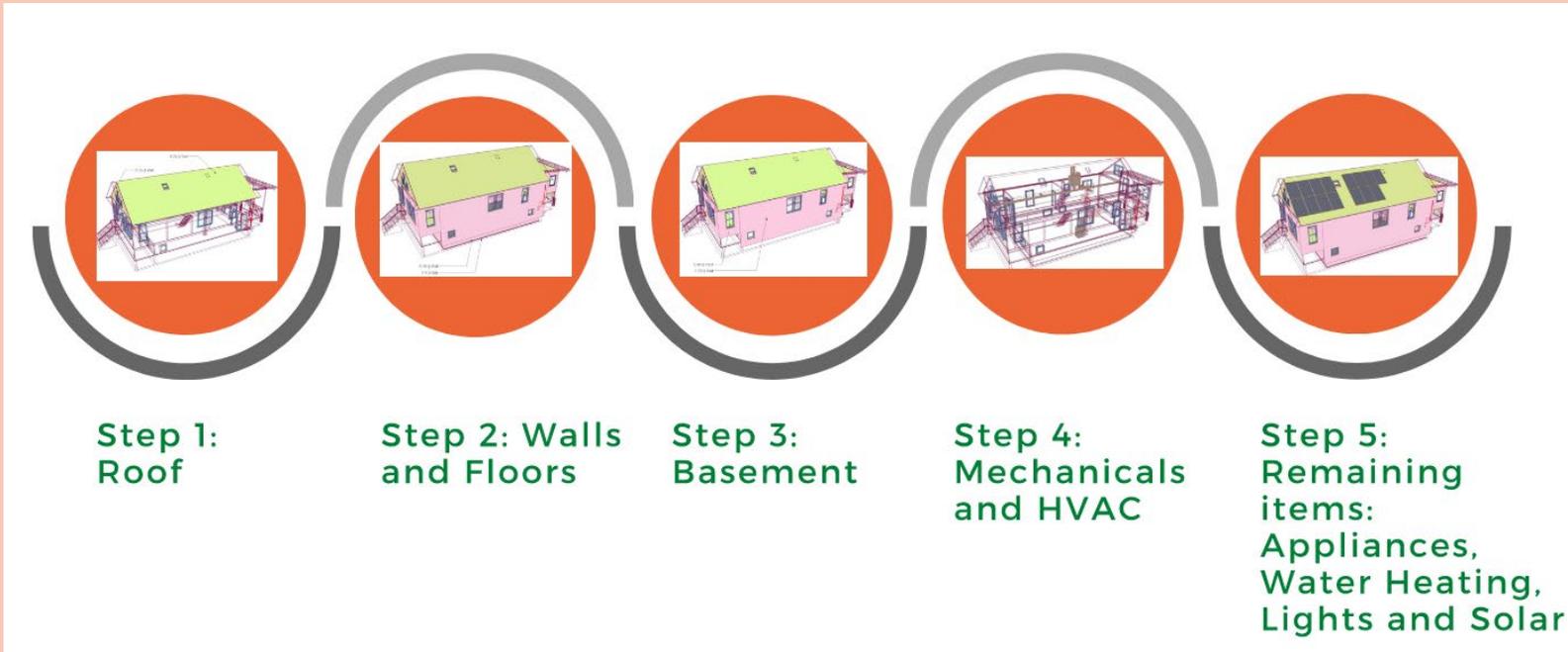
## Ideal project flow

### Limiting Factors

- People living there
- Historic preservation
- Cost

### Enabling Factors

- End of service life: surfaces, equipment
- Change of ownership
- Incentives (tax, rebate etc.)
- Desire for a good building (by contemporary standards)



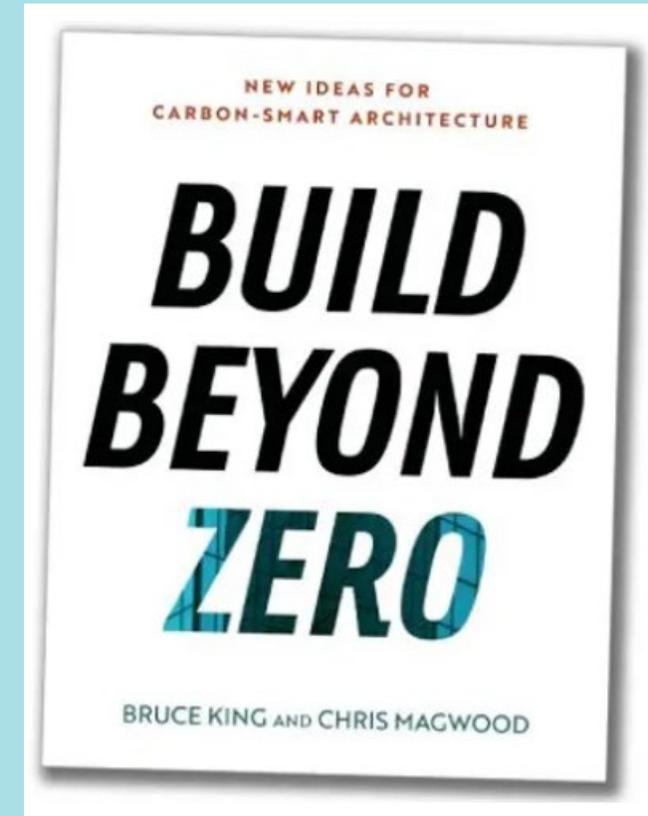
# Retrofit big-picture stuff

That Embodied thing again

From GBA, Martin Holladay review of “Build Beyond Zero”  
3/3/2023:

“For the solutions suggested by King and Magwood to be effective, they need to be implemented right now.

Unfortunately, most of the materials discussed by King and Magwood either haven’t been developed yet or are not yet being mass produced.”



# Five DER projects...



FLIWright Balch House, 1909



Chicago Bungalow, early 1900's



Early 1900's Chicago 2-flat

- 2 clients: NZE request
- 2 clients: gut reno
- Me: mostly exterior; Phius would be great, but Phius Source Energy sufficient



c.2000 Suburban



1919 frame Bungalow

# Goals:

- Insulate for energy savings and resilience
- Airtighten for durability and health
- Decarbonize (HVAC, DHW, appliances) for all-electric
- Plan for/incorporate solar PV
- Shoot for Phius Source Energy limit at worst

...in other words, employ a Passive approach to the retrofit, and make these houses relevant for the next generation.

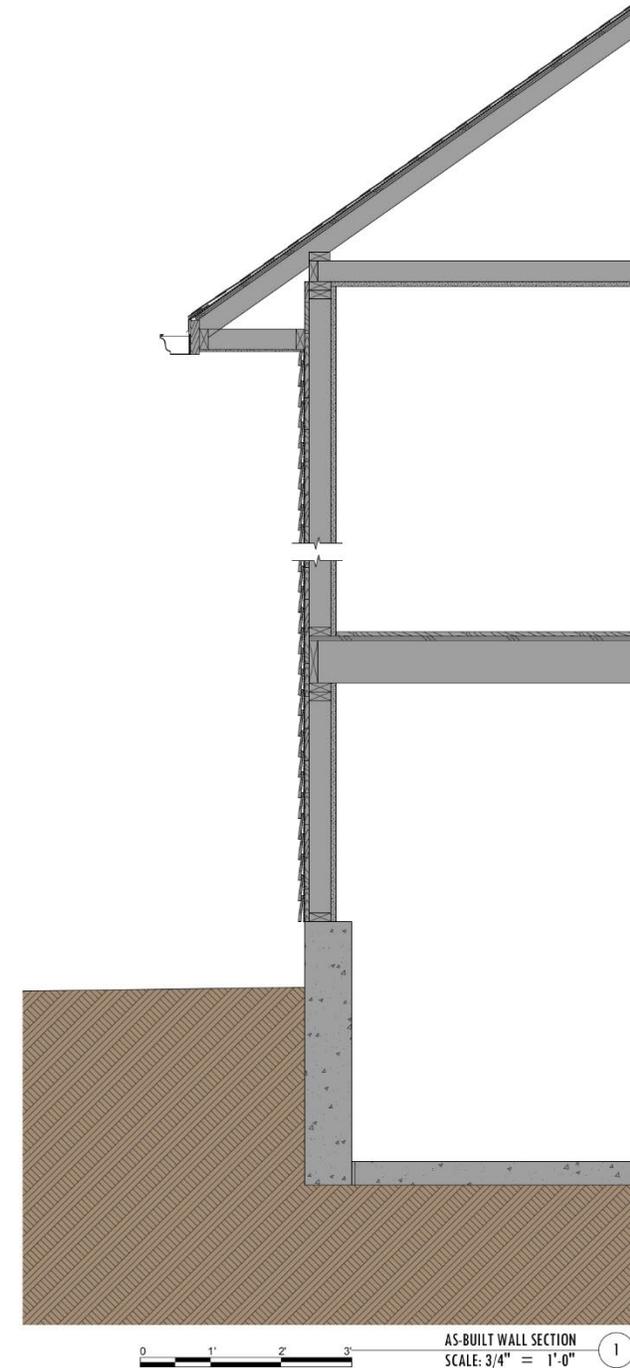
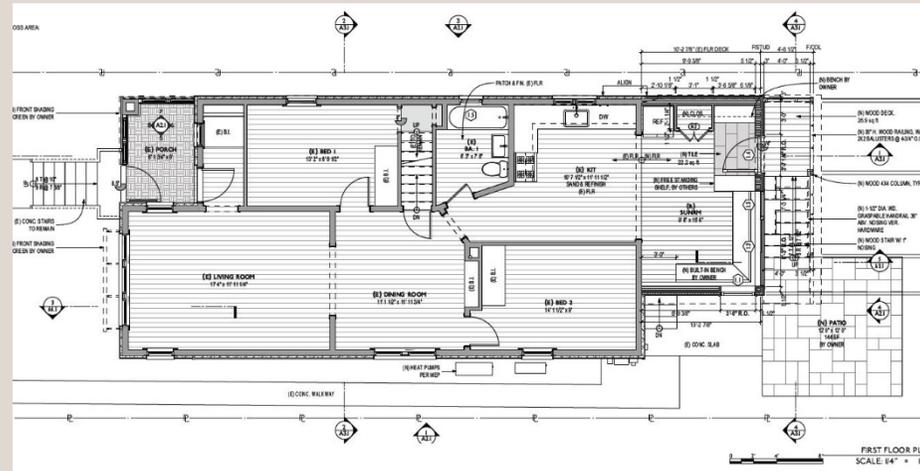
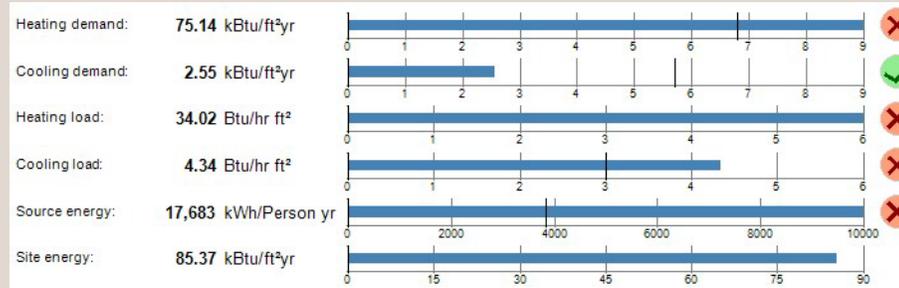
In these projects we reduced overall energy use by 70-100% from where we found it



1919 frame Bungalow

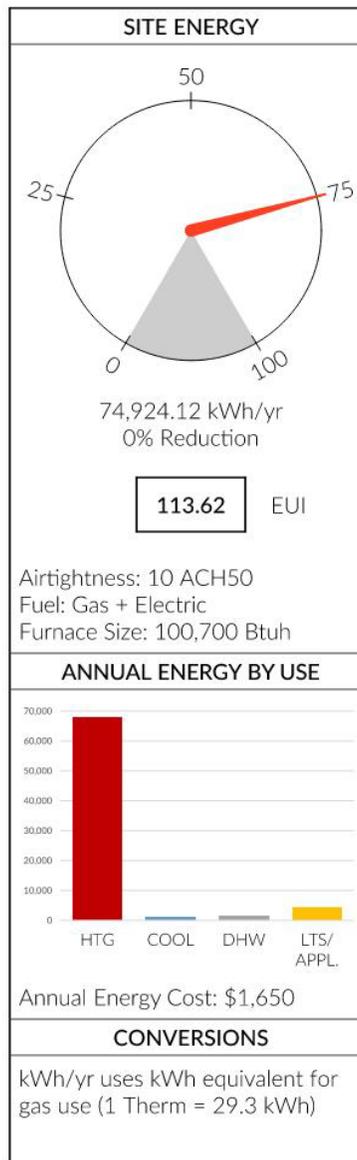
# 1919 frame bungalow Before

- Virtually no insulation anywhere
- About 10ACH50
- Old gas furnace and water heater
- Only ventilation is a kitchen hood
- Exterior in disrepair—good candidate for exterior retrofit
- Windows had previously been replaced with double glazed, still in decent shape

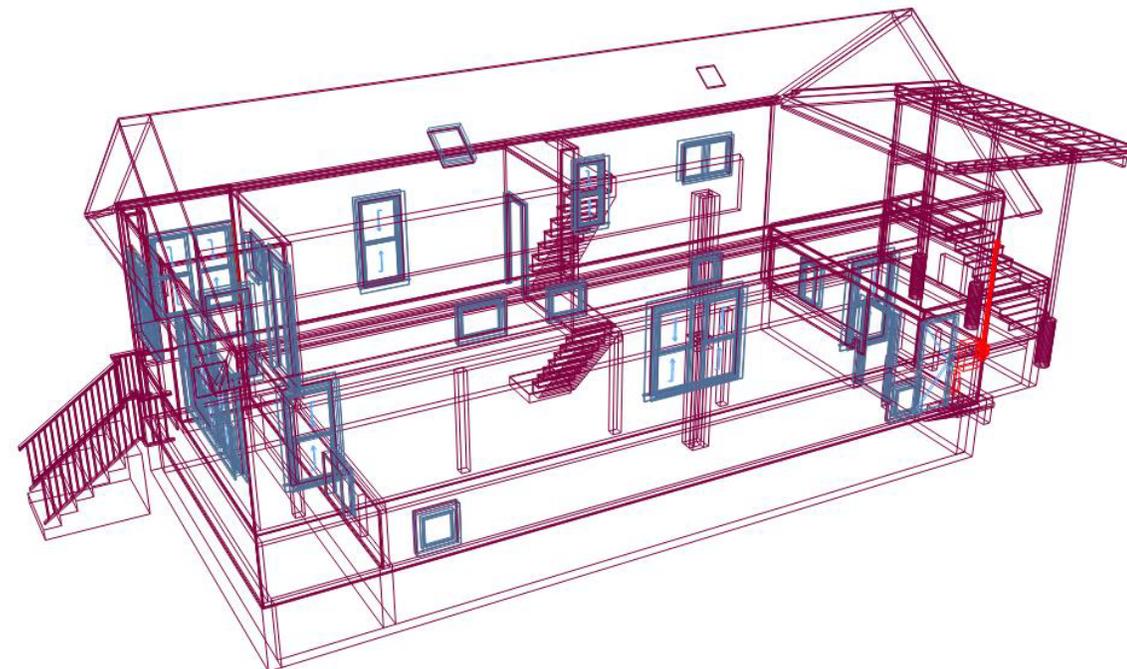


# Retrofit: using energy modeling

Typical starting point on old houses: a diagram of energy flow

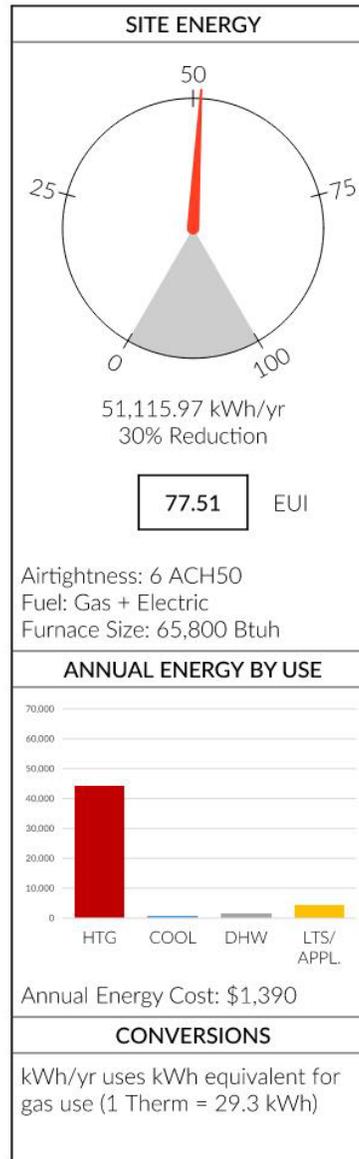


## UNINSULATED EXISTING

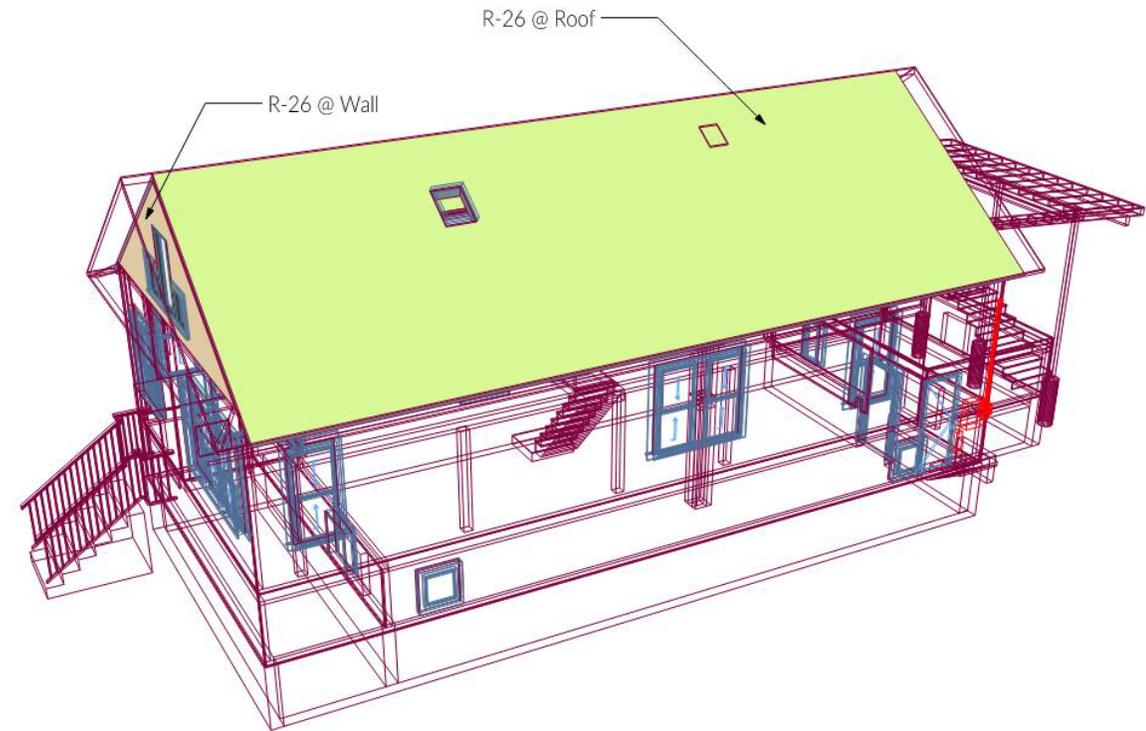


# WUFI-Passive modeling

Spray foamed the roof in 2014 when I knew very little about anything

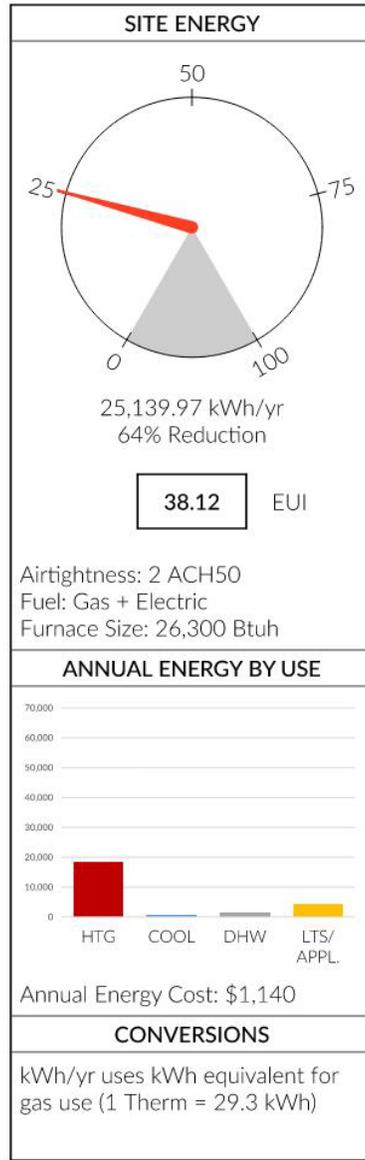


## INSULATE ROOF

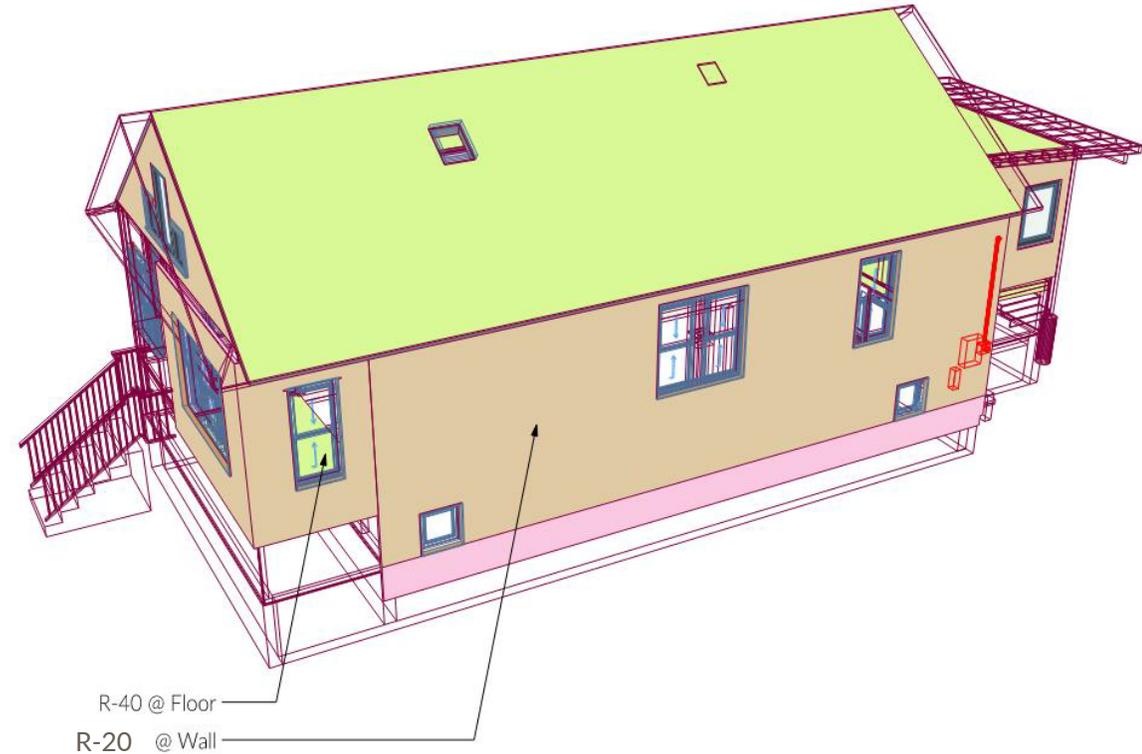


# WUFI-Passive modeling

The biggest opportunity here is to **air seal** the majority of the perimeter. Cellulose goes in the walls from outside, and continuous wood fiberboard exterior insulation (Steico) gets rainscreen and new siding.

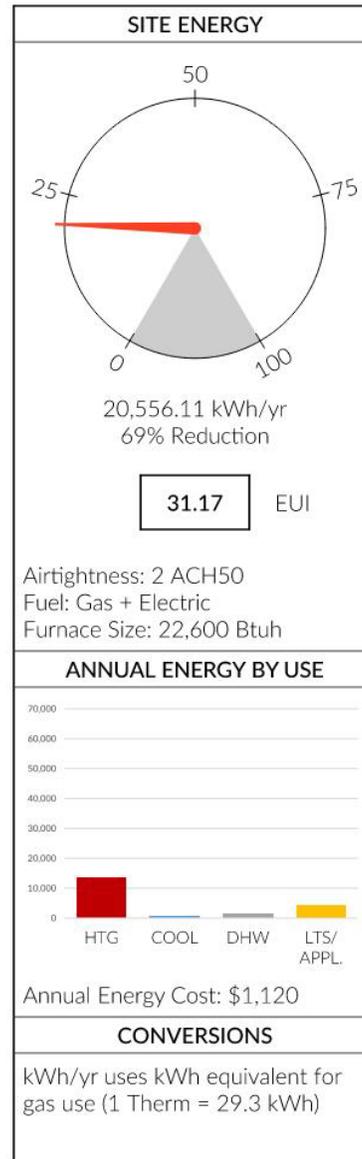


# INSULATE WALLS & FLOORS

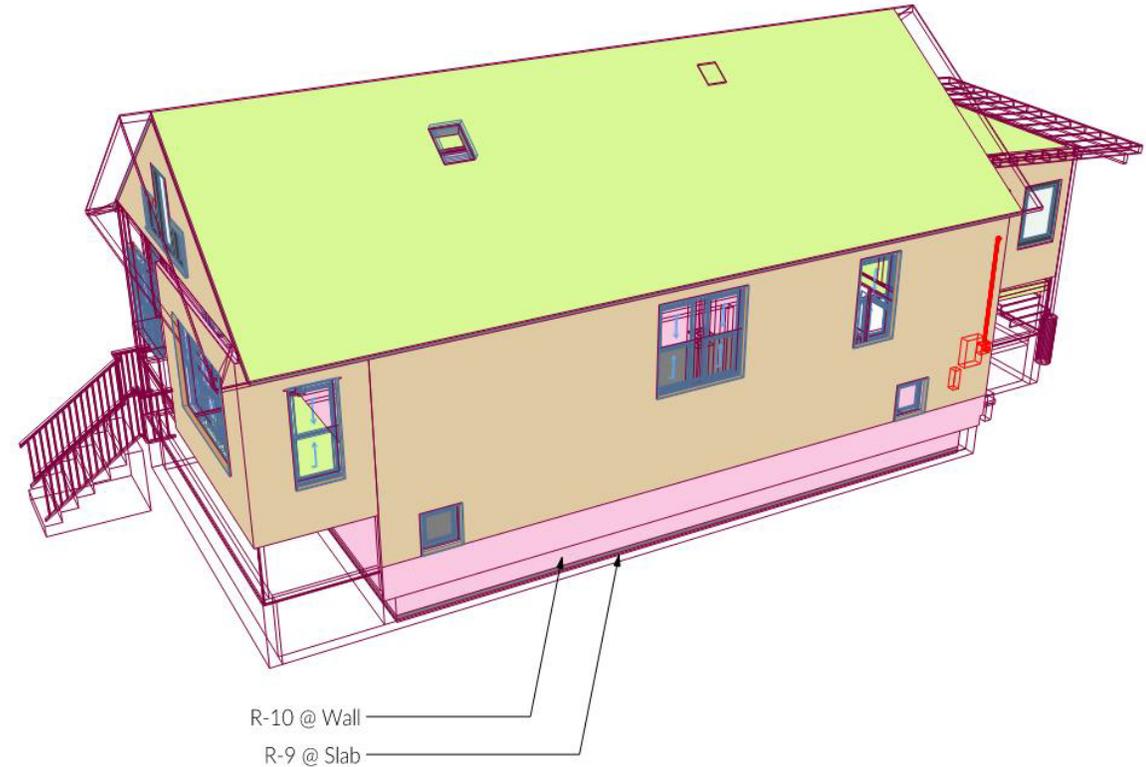


# WUFI-Passive modeling

Basement slab isn't a huge energy bonus, but I needed to fix the cracked, wet, uninsulated mud slab. I get usable, comfortable space now.



## INSULATE BASEMENT

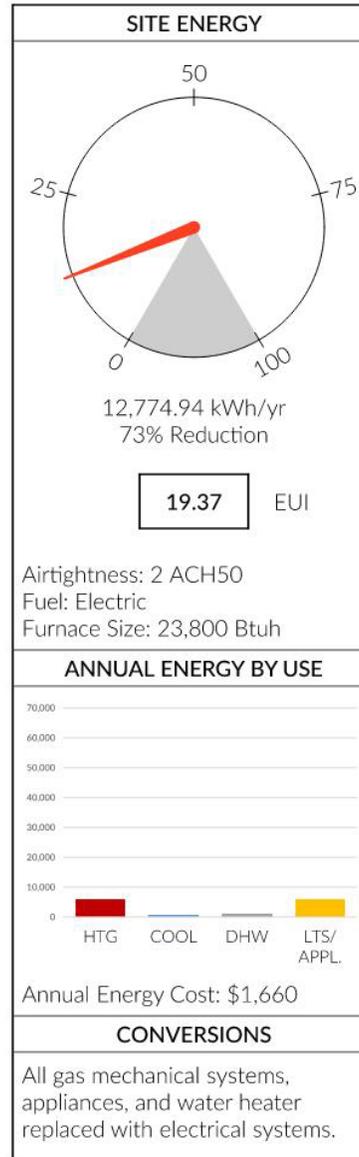


# WUFI-Passive modeling

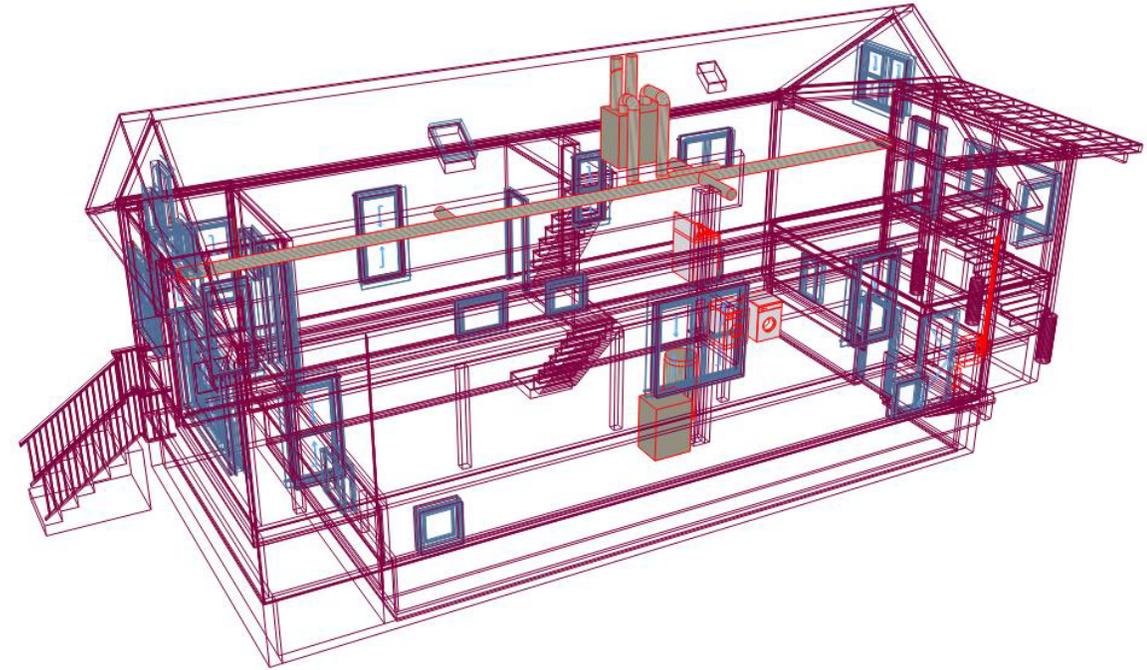
I got rid of my gas line (and the \$30/month taxes and fees) and am going with heat pumps and a ventilation system (CERV).

This decreases my energy use but increases the expense since electricity is more expensive than gas....

But—with this and other appliance selections, it qualified me for ComEd's all-electric homes incentive (\$2,000)



## CHANGE MECH. SYSTEMS

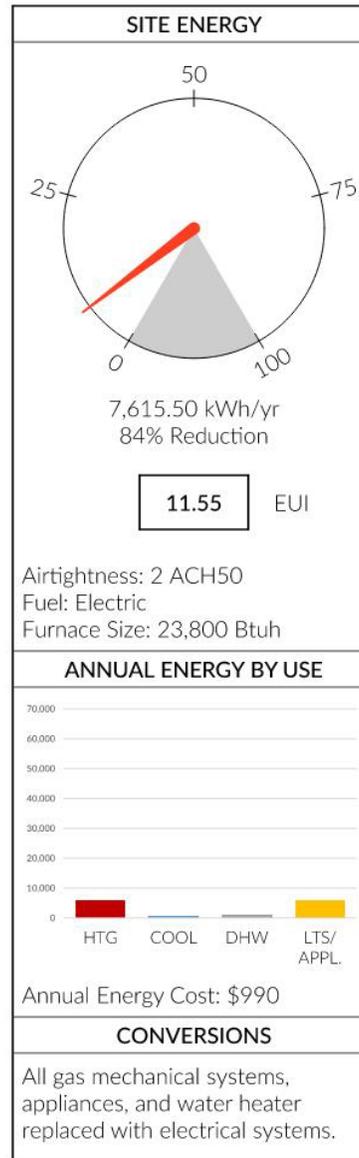


# WUFI-Passive modeling

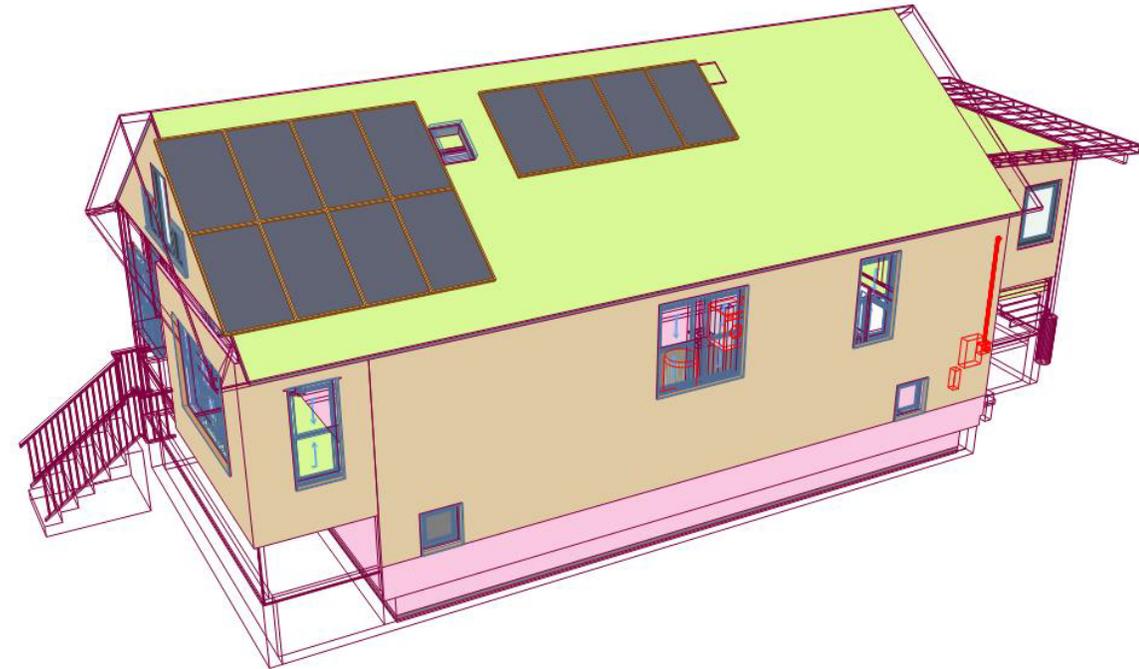
...but adding solar makes it less expensive, and I can add more solar to get closer to zero.

While this isn't net zero, my goal was to meet the Phius Source Energy Limit, which we easily do with this retrofit (7,615kWh divided by 4 people, 1,903kWh/person per year, almost half the Phius limit)

But then I went and added PV, and am now at zero (kids are out of the house, pro tip)

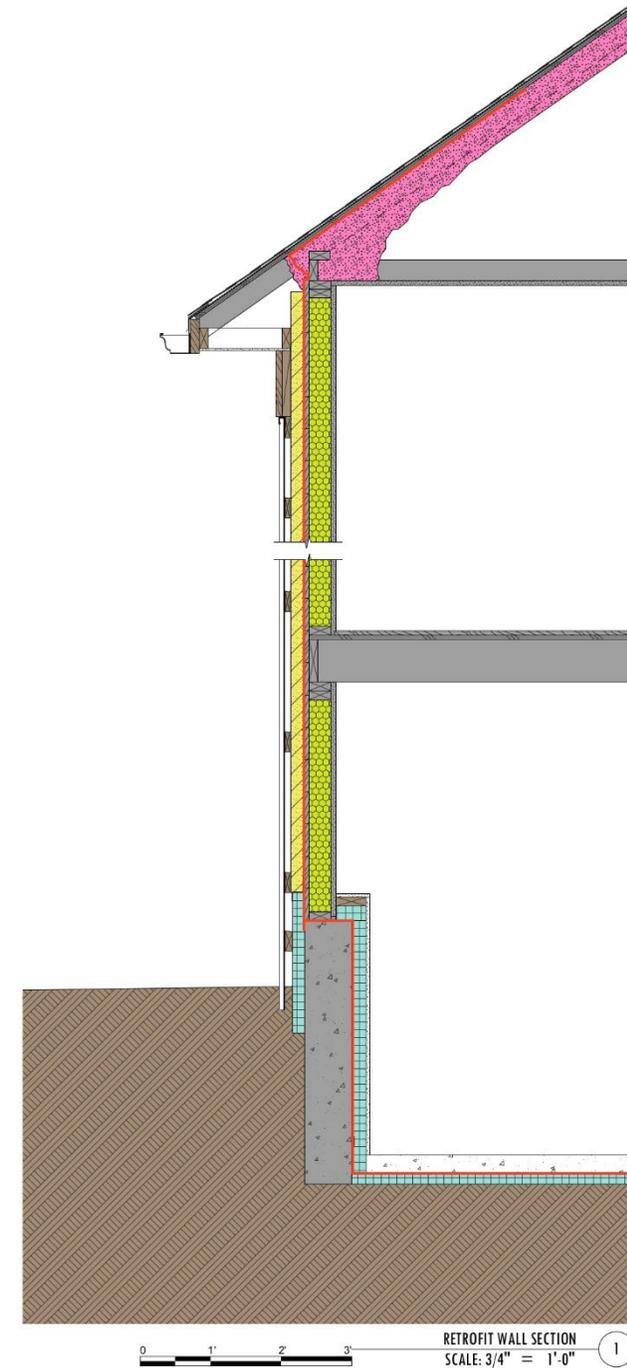
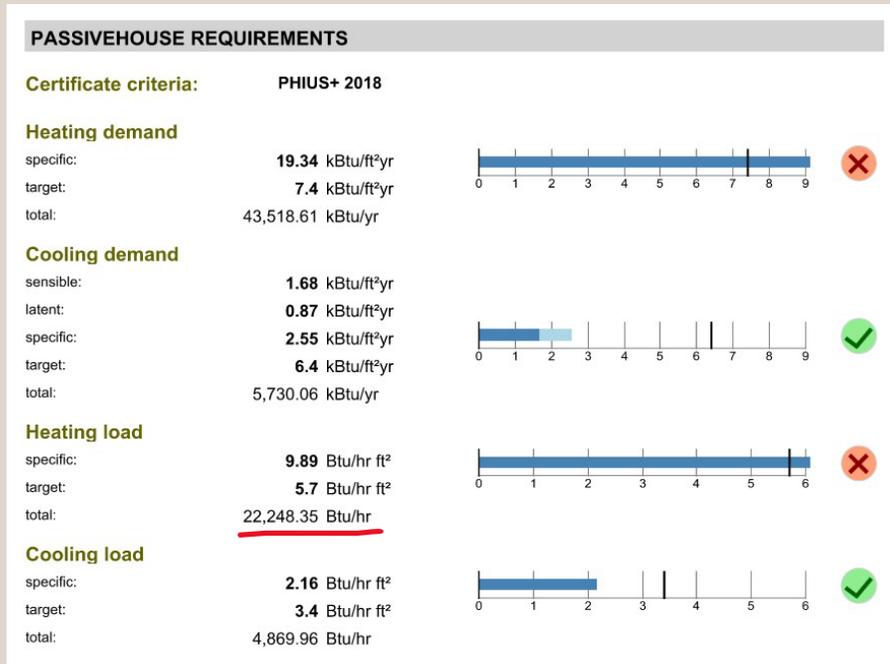


## ADD SOLAR



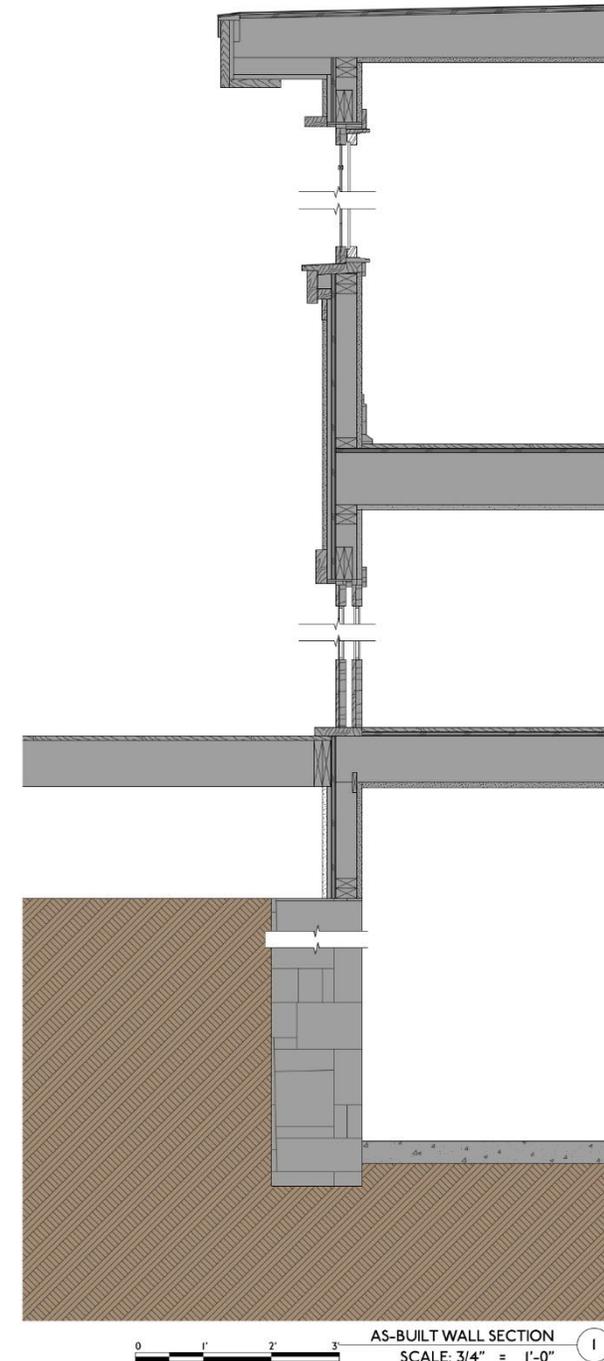
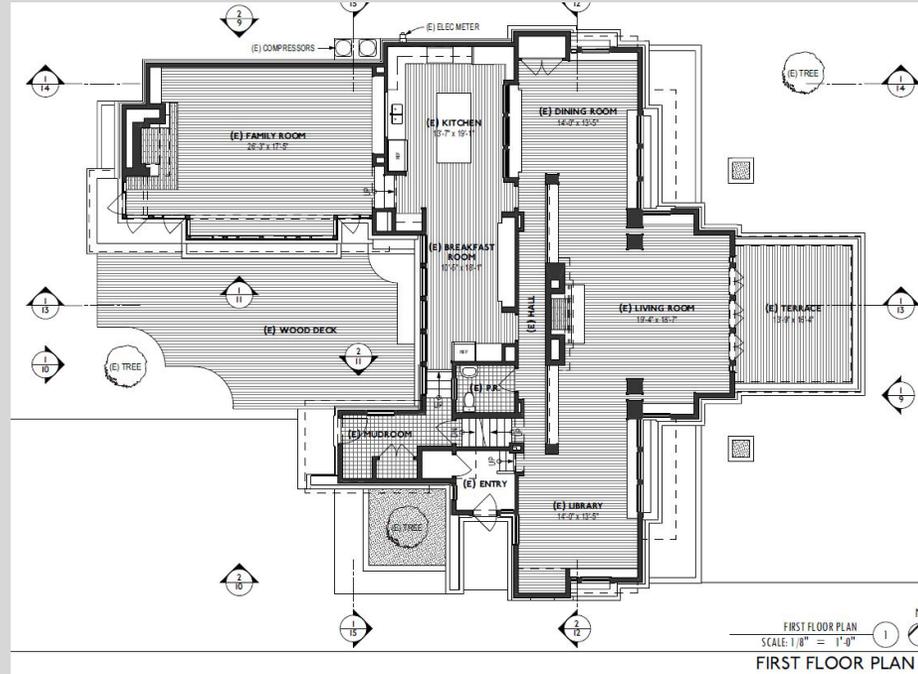
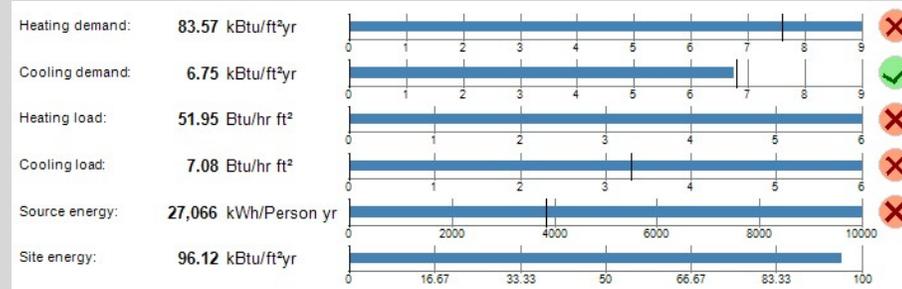
# 1919 frame bungalow After

- Continuous insulation
- New ACH50: 2.0
- New Heat pump H/AC and DHW
- CERV2 ventilation
- 8kW PV array, annual NZE
- New EUI: 0



# 1909 FLI Wright Before

- Virtually no insulation
- About 10ACH50
- Gas boiler heat, only maintaining ~50F in -20F weather
- Space-Pak AC in roof joists
- Single glazed windows
- Rubble foundation
- Roof as air exchange mechanism



# 1909 FLI Wright After

- Nearly continuous insulation, but plenty of thermal bridges
- About 2ACH50?
- New Ground-Source heat pump H/AC and DHW, with heat to existing radiators and ducts
- New ERV
- Interior storm windows to preserve existing historic windows
- 18kW solar PV (on house and garage, not visible from street)
- New EUI: 1.2

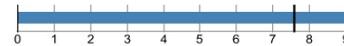


## PASSIVEHOUSE REQUIREMENTS

Certificate criteria: **PHIUS+ 2018**

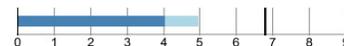
### Heating demand

specific: **23.47** kBtu/ft<sup>2</sup>yr  
 target: **7.6** kBtu/ft<sup>2</sup>yr  
 total: 124,508.31 kBtu/yr



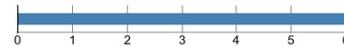
### Cooling demand

sensible: **4.03** kBtu/ft<sup>2</sup>yr  
 latent: **0.9** kBtu/ft<sup>2</sup>yr  
 specific: **4.93** kBtu/ft<sup>2</sup>yr  
 target: **6.8** kBtu/ft<sup>2</sup>yr  
 total: 26,137.84 kBtu/yr



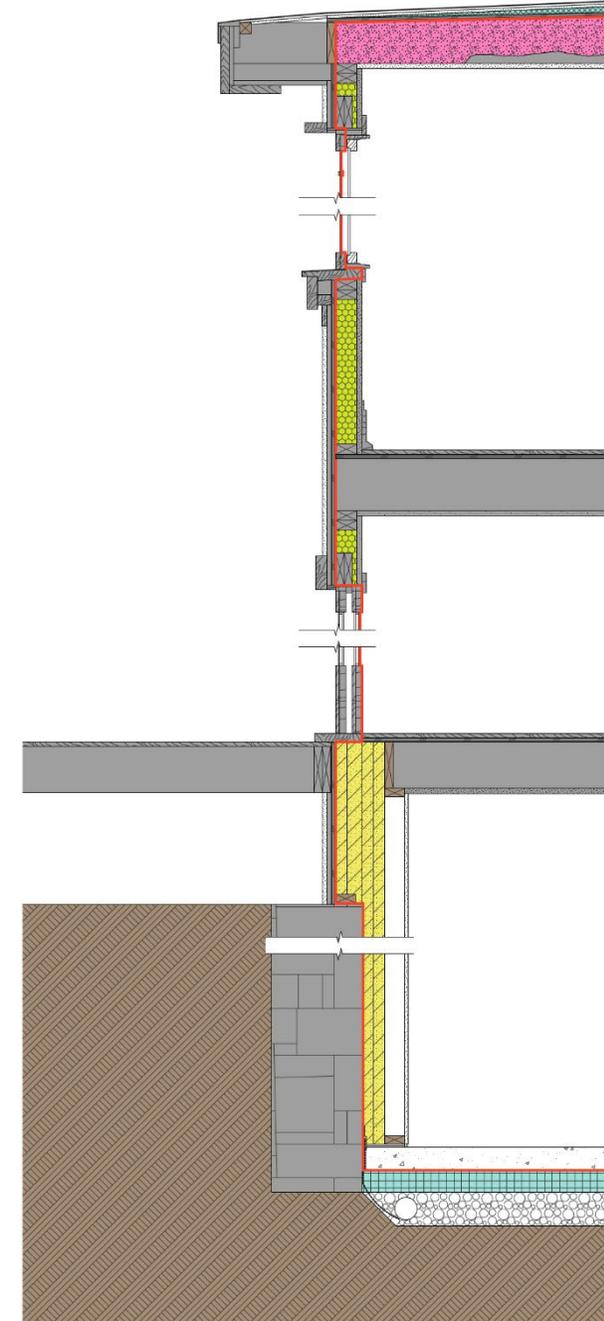
### Heating load

specific: **14.75** Btu/hr ft<sup>2</sup>  
 target: **6.5** Btu/hr ft<sup>2</sup>  
 total: 78,271 Btu/hr



### Cooling load

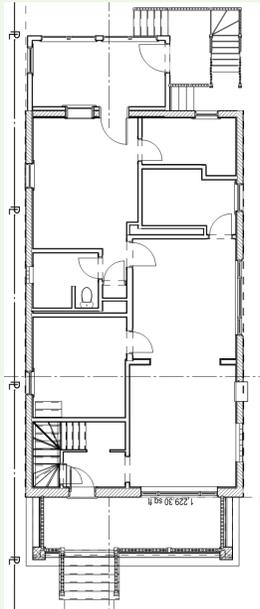
specific: **3.21** Btu/hr ft<sup>2</sup>  
 target: **3.3** Btu/hr ft<sup>2</sup>  
 total: 17,008.09 Btu/hr



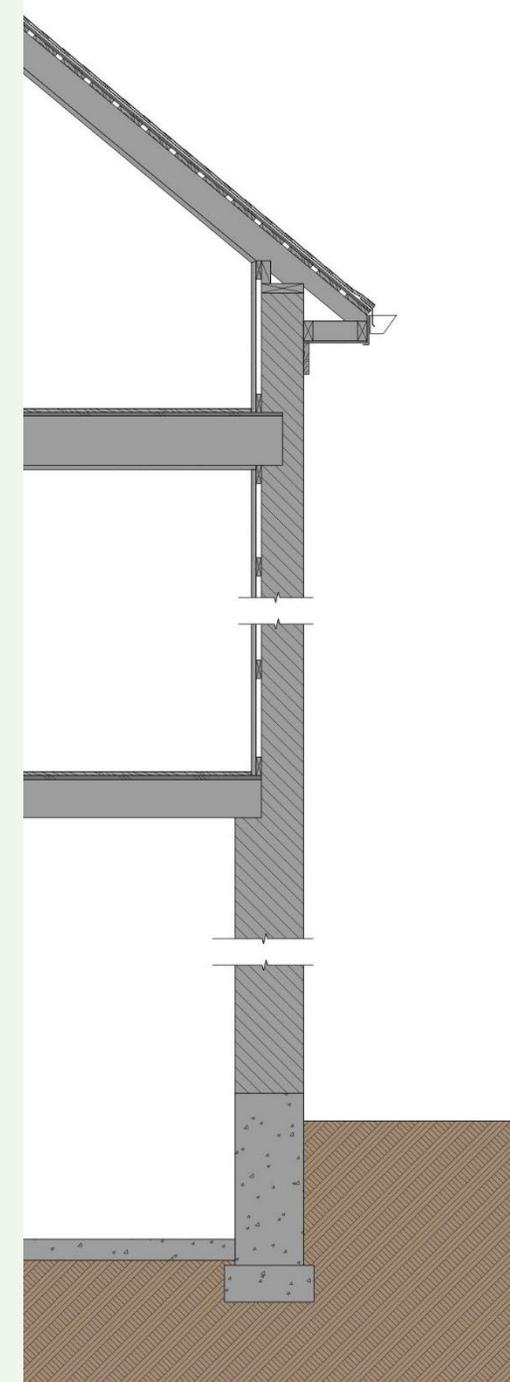
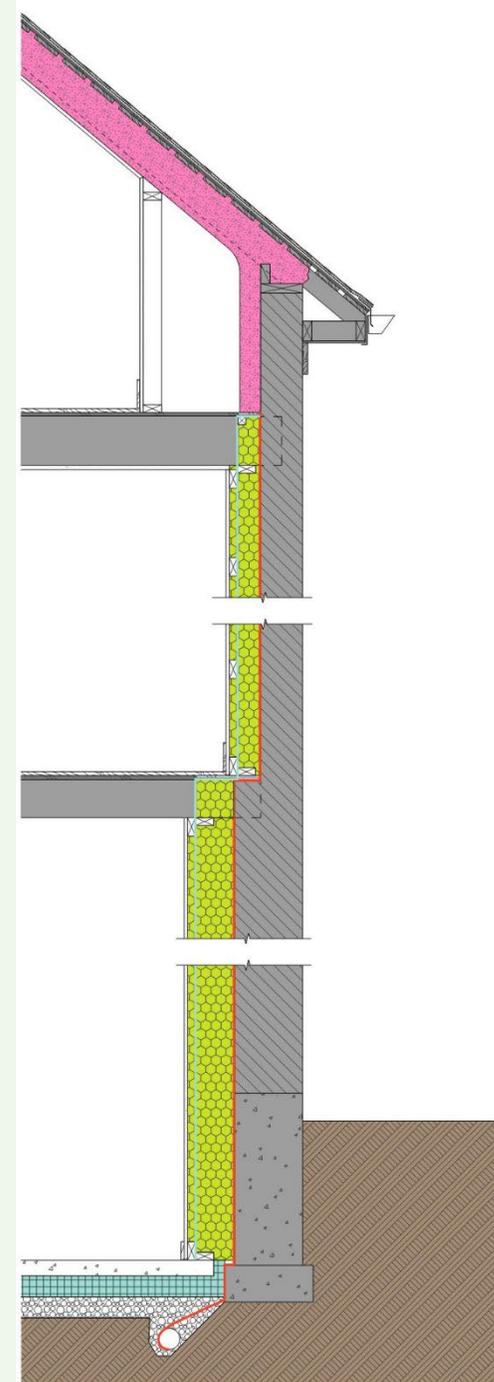
RETROFIT WALL SECTION  
 SCALE: 3/4" = 1'-0" 1

# Chicago Bungalow

- New continuous insulation: Visconn, cellulose, Intello
- ASHP H/AC, HPWH
- New ERV
- New triple-pane windows
- New EUI: 12, w/o PV

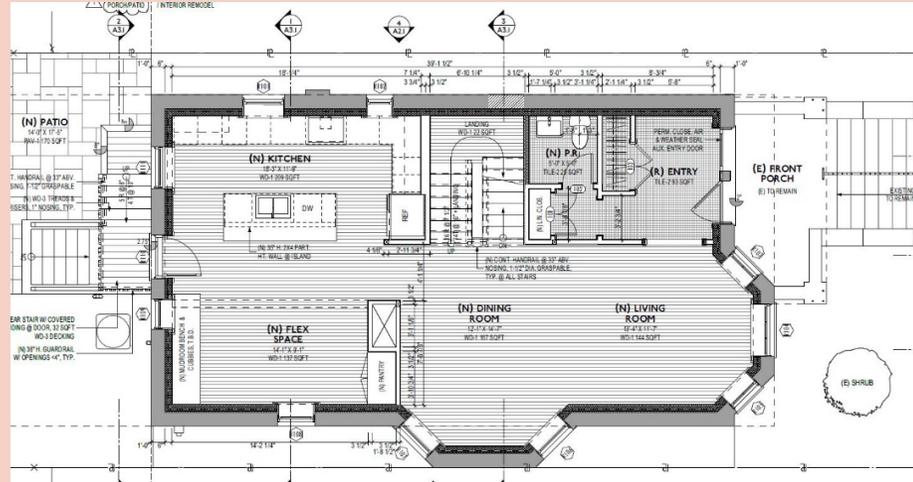


PASSIVEHOUSE REQUIREMENTS			
<b>Certificate criteria:</b>	PHIUS+ 2018		
<b>Heating demand</b>			
specific:	17.49 kBtu/ft <sup>2</sup> yr		✗
target:	6.7 kBtu/ft <sup>2</sup> yr		
total:	46,220.11 kBtu/yr		
<b>Cooling demand</b>			
sensible:	0.14 kBtu/ft <sup>2</sup> yr		✓
latent:	0.89 kBtu/ft <sup>2</sup> yr		
specific:	1.03 kBtu/ft <sup>2</sup> yr		✓
target:	5.2 kBtu/ft <sup>2</sup> yr		
total:	2,722.18 kBtu/yr		
<b>Heating load</b>			
specific:	8.81 Btu/hr ft <sup>2</sup>		✗
target:	4.8 Btu/hr ft <sup>2</sup>		
total:	23,281.48 Btu/hr		
<b>Cooling load</b>			
specific:	1.82 Btu/hr ft <sup>2</sup>		✓
target:	2.3 Btu/hr ft <sup>2</sup>		
total:	4,815.08 Btu/hr		



# Early 20<sup>th</sup> c. 2-flat

- CCSPF to interior of brick and roof
- New ASHP space and water heating
- New windows, only double-glazed
- New ERV
- Easily achieve Source Energy limit with a modest PV array
- New EUI: 8.7

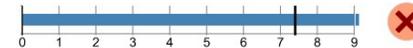


## PASSIVEHOUSE REQUIREMENTS

Certificate criteria: PHius+ 2018

### Heating demand

specific: 20.89 kBtu/ft<sup>2</sup>yr  
 target: 7.4 kBtu/ft<sup>2</sup>yr  
 total: 56,425.88 kBtu/yr



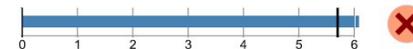
### Cooling demand

sensible: 2.18 kBtu/ft<sup>2</sup>yr  
 latent: 0.88 kBtu/ft<sup>2</sup>yr  
 specific: 3.06 kBtu/ft<sup>2</sup>yr  
 target: 6.4 kBtu/ft<sup>2</sup>yr  
 total: 8,263.77 kBtu/yr



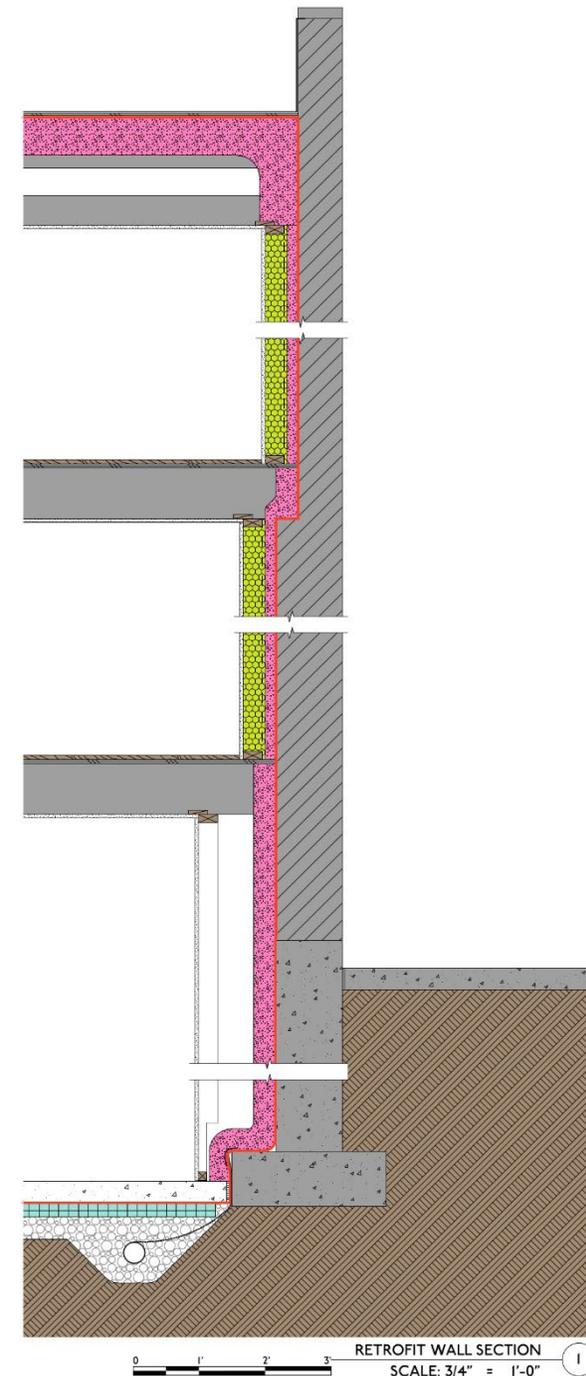
### Heating load

specific: 9.82 Btu/hr ft<sup>2</sup>  
 target: 5.7 Btu/hr ft<sup>2</sup>  
 total: 26,521.99 Btu/hr



### Cooling load

specific: 2.5 Btu/hr ft<sup>2</sup>  
 target: 3.4 Btu/hr ft<sup>2</sup>  
 total: 6,758.24 Btu/hr

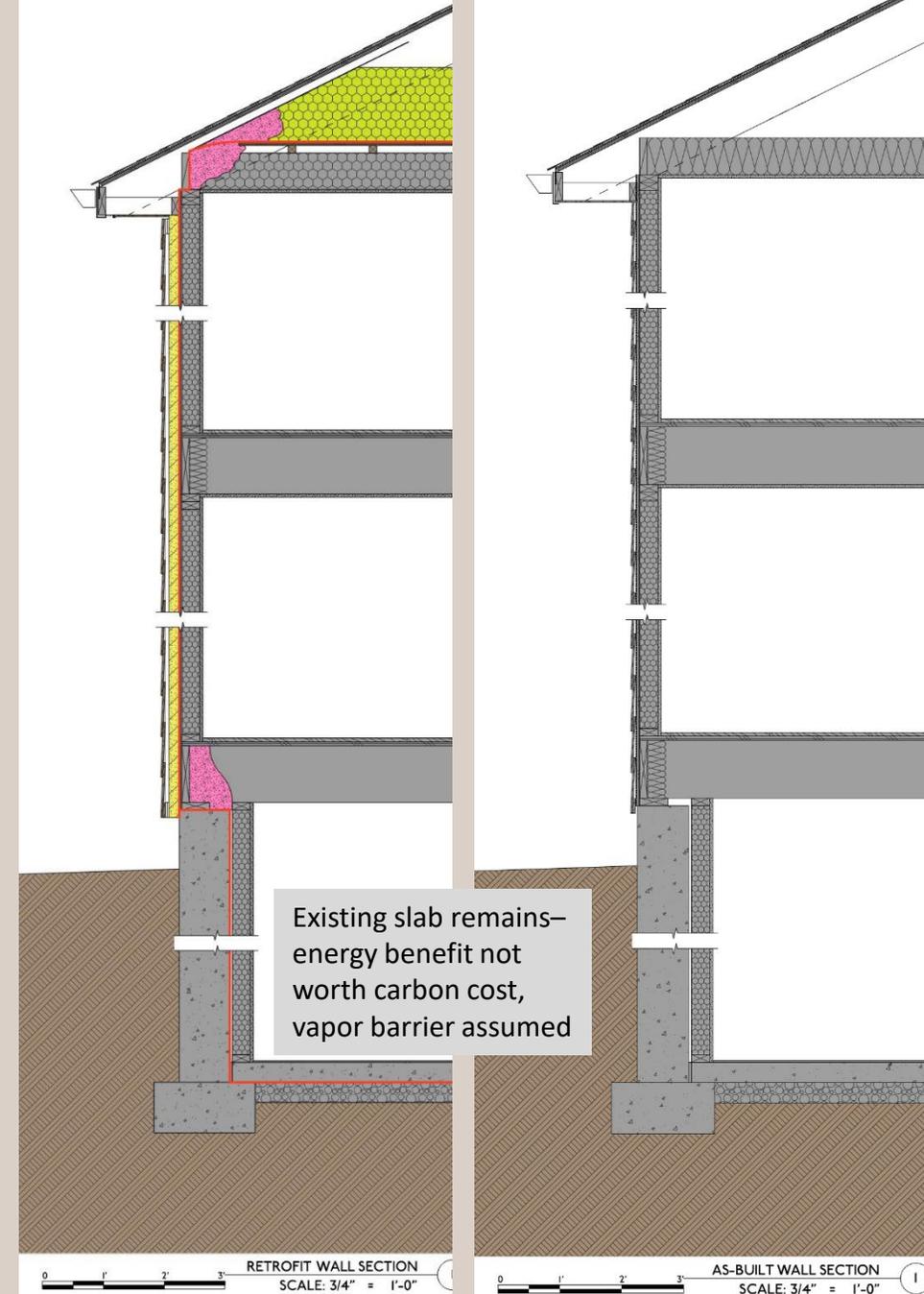
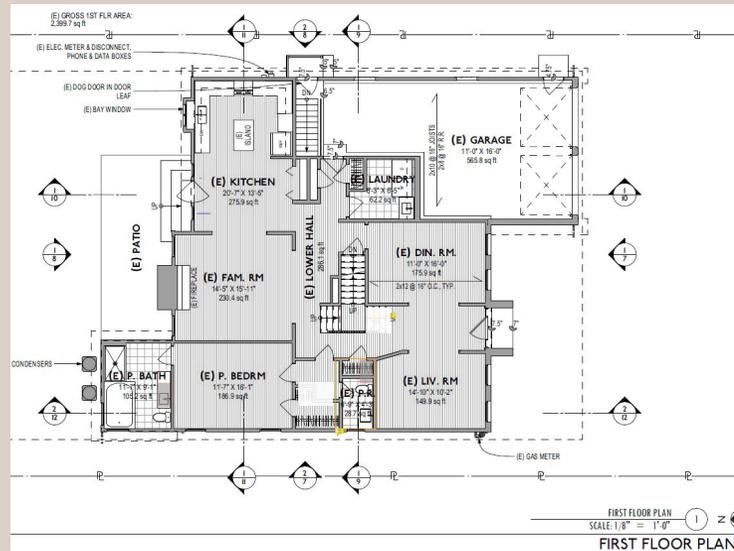


# c. 2000 suburban

- New exterior wood fiberboard (diffusion open) over air barrier
- Clever attic: taped plywood, foam at edge, lots of cellulose
- New ASHP space conditioning and water heater
- New triple-glazed windows
- New ERV
- New ACH50: 1.09 !



PASSIVEHOUSE REQUIREMENTS			
<b>Certificate criteria:</b>	<b>PHIUS+ 2018</b>		
<b>Heating demand</b>			
specific:	14.36 kBtu/ft <sup>2</sup> yr		✗
target:	6.2 kBtu/ft <sup>2</sup> yr		
total:	60,524.47 kBtu/yr		
<b>Cooling demand</b>			
sensible:	0.31 kBtu/ft <sup>2</sup> yr		✓
latent:	1.08 kBtu/ft <sup>2</sup> yr		
specific:	1.39 kBtu/ft <sup>2</sup> yr		✓
target:	5 kBtu/ft <sup>2</sup> yr		
total:	5,838.91 kBtu/yr		
<b>Heating load</b>			
specific:	7.86 Btu/hr ft <sup>2</sup>		✗
target:	5.6 Btu/hr ft <sup>2</sup>		
total:	33,119.92 Btu/hr		
<b>Cooling load</b>			
specific:	1.4 Btu/hr ft <sup>2</sup>		✓
target:	2.7 Btu/hr ft <sup>2</sup>		
total:	5,892.66 Btu/hr		



## Summary Thoughts:

- Ideal: Start with the end plan based on continuous thermal enclosure and mechanicals, then figure out phasing based on service life of surfaces and equipment. Reality: a whole lot of piecemeal.
- Boilers/radiant heat are an issue: water temp from heat pumps...
- Retrofit ERVs can be tricky/invasive, but good ventilation is a must.
- Related to that, these projects are not about ROI: they're about making good homes that fit with contemporary expectations (health, comfort) and desires (smart controls, efficiency etc.)

# Finally,

- If we want to scale up we can't be energy modeling every house: we need a library of case studies and techniques that can be quickly implemented with confidence. We see these projects as the beginning of the library.
- We also need an army of local tradespeople to implement—to build these.
- And we will need significant incentives for many homeowners and landlords to want to take this on.

Thanks.